Caribonum Pension Scheme ('the Scheme') – Implementation Statement 1st January 2023 – 31st December 2023

An Implementation Statement ('Statement') has been prepared in accordance with applicable legislation, taking into account guidance from The Department for Work and Pensions for the period from 1st January 2023 – 31st December 2023 ('the Scheme Year').

The Scheme's reporting period for each fund is the holding period of that fund across the Scheme Year.

The Statement sets out how, and the extent to which, the Trustee's policy in relation to exercising voting rights has been followed during the year by describing the voting behaviour on behalf of the Trustee of the Scheme.

The Trustee has appointed Minerva Analytics ('Minerva') to obtain voting and investment engagement information ('VEI') on the Scheme's behalf.

This Statement includes Minerva's report on key findings on behalf of the Trustee over the Scheme Year.

A summary of the key points is set out below.

LGIM

The Scheme invests in UK government bonds and corporate bonds, which Minerva determined typically have no voting information due to the nature of the underlying holdings. However, LGIM provided a summarised voting record for the Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund that was in line with the Scheme's reporting period. There were no significant votes to report.

LGIM confirmed they do not have a formal proxy voting policy for bond investments. In instances where bonds have voting rights, typically in relation to corporate actions, a case-by-case approach to determine the votes to cast is adopted. Given the nature of the investments in this fund, Minerva has concluded that the manager's approach is in the best financial interest of the Scheme beneficiaries.

LGIM provided basic, fund-level information on engagements that was in line with the Scheme's reporting period for the Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund and for the All Stocks Gilts Index Fund. It should be noted that engagement information on the All Stocks Gilts Index Fund relates to money market instruments and cash holdings that are not held in the All Stocks Index-Linked Gilts Index Fund. Despite the basic level of information, Minerva was able to confirm that the activity appeared to broadly comply with LGIM's own engagement approach, and so complies with the Scheme's approach.

AVCs

The Scheme holds AVCs and the Trustee has determined they will not be covered in this Statement on the grounds of materiality.

Final Comments

Since last year, LGIM have improved by providing engagement information for the All Stocks Gilts Index Fund where there had previously been none to report. However, further improvement is needed from LGIM to provide more detail on engagements.



Caribonum Pension Scheme

Spence & Partners Limited

Implementation Statement (IS):

Voting & Engagement Information (VEI) Report

Scheme Reporting Period:

1st January 2023 to 31st December 2023

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1 SIP Disclosures

This section sets out the policies in the Statement of Investment Principles ('SIP') in force at the Scheme year-end relating to the following:

- 1. Financially Material Considerations
- 2. Non-Financial Considerations
- 3. Investment Manager Arrangements

Stewardship - including the exercise of voting rights and engagement activities - is set out in the 'Voting and Engagement' section.

Source of Information:

Caribonum Pension Scheme Statement of Investment Principles September 2020



1.1 Financially Material Considerations

The Trustee has considered financially material factors such as environmental, social and governance ('ESG') issues as part of the investment process to determine a strategic asset allocation over the length of time during which the benefits are provided by the Scheme for members. They believe that financially material considerations (including climate change) are implicitly factored into the expected risk and return profile of the asset classes they are investing in.

In endeavouring to invest in the best financial interests of the beneficiaries, the Trustee has elected to invest through pooled funds. The Trustee acknowledges that it cannot directly influence the environmental, social and governance policies and practices of the companies in which the pooled funds invest. However, the Trustee does expect its fund manager and investment consultant to take account of financially material considerations when carrying out their respective roles.

The Trustee accepts that the Scheme's assets are subject to the investment manager's own policy on socially responsible investment. The Trustee will assess that this corresponds with PRI') or other similarly recognised standards.

The Trustee will monitor financially material considerations through the following means:

- Obtain training where necessary on ESG considerations in order to understand fully how ESG factors including climate change could impact the Scheme and their investments:
- Use ESG ratings information provided by its investment consultant, to assess how the Scheme's investment manager takes account of ESG issues; and
- Request that all of the Scheme's investment manager provides information about their ESG policies, and details of how they integrate ESG into their investment processes, via its investment consultant.

If the Trustee determines that financially material considerations have not been factored into the investment manager's process, it will take this into account on whether to select or retain an investment.

1.2 Non-Financial Considerations

The Trustee has not considered non-financially material matters in the in the selection, retention and realisation of investments.

1.3 Investment Manager Arrangements

Incentives to align investment managers' investment strategies and decisions with the Trustee's policies

The Scheme invests in pooled funds and so the Trustee acknowledges the funds' investment strategies and decisions cannot be tailored to the Trustee's policies. However, the Trustee sets its investment strategy and then selects the manager that best suits its strategy taking into account the fees being charged, which acts as the fund manager's incentive.

The Trustee uses the fund objective/benchmark as a guide on whether its investment strategy is being followed and monitors this regularly.

Incentives for the investment managers to make decisions based on assessments about medium to long-term financial and non-financial performance of an issuer of debt or equity and to engage with issuers of debt or equity in order to improve their performance in the medium to long-term

The Trustee selects the manager based on a variety of factors including investment philosophy and process, which it believes should include assessing the long term financial and non-financial performance of the underlying company that it invests in.

The Trustee also considers the manager's voting and ESG policies and how they engage with the company as it believes that these factors can improve the medium to

long-term performance of the investee companies.

The Trustee will monitor the manager's engagement and voting activity on an annual basis as it believes this can improve long term performance. The Trustee expects its manager to make every effort to engage with investee companies but acknowledge that their influence may be more limited in some asset classes, such as bonds, as they do not have voting rights.

The Trustee acknowledges that in the short term, these policies may not improve the returns it achieves, but do expect that investing in those companies with better financial and non-financial performance over the long term will lead to better returns for the Scheme. The Trustee believes that the annual fee paid to the fund manager incentivises it to do this.

If the Trustee feels that the fund manager is not assessing financial and non-financial performance or adequately engaging with the companies they are investing in, it will use these factors in deciding whether to retain or terminate a manager.

How the method (and time horizon) of the evaluation of the fund managers' performance and the remuneration for asset management services are in line with the Trustee's policies

The Trustee reviews the performance of each fund quarterly on a net of fees basis compared to its objective.

The Trustee assesses the performance of the funds, where possible, over at least a 3-5 year period when looking to select or terminate a manager, unless there are reasons other than performance that need to be considered.

The fund manager's' remuneration is considered as part of the manager selection process and is also monitored regularly with the help of its investment consultant to ensure it is in line with the Trustee's policies.

How the Trustee monitors portfolio turnover costs incurred by the fund managers, and how they define and monitor targeted portfolio turnover or turnover range

The Trustee monitors the portfolio turnover costs on an annual basis.

The Trustee defines target portfolio turnover as the average turnover of the portfolio expected in the type of strategy the manager has been appointed to manager. This

is monitored on an annual basis.

The Trustee has delegated the responsibility of monitoring portfolio turnover costs and target portfolio turnover to their investment consultant.

The duration of the arrangement with the fund managers

The Trustee plans to hold each of their investments for the long term but will keep this under review.

Changes in investment strategy or changes in the view of the fund manager can lead to the duration of the arrangement being shorter than expected.

2 Sourcing of Voting and Engagement Information

This section sets out the availability of the information Minerva initially requested from the Scheme's managers, to facilitate the preparation of this report:

Table 2.1: Summary of Available Information

Fund Manager	Investment Fund/Product	Voting Information	Significant Votes	Engagement Information
	Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund	Full Info Available	No Info to Report	Part Info Available
LGIM*	All Stocks Gilts Index Fund	No Info to Report	No Info to Report	Part Info Available
	All Stocks Index-Linked Gilts Index Fund	No Info to Report	No Info to Report	No Info to Report

^{*} LGIM have requested that a Disclaimer be shared, which should be read in relation to any stewardship information provided by them. It can be found at the end of this report.

Table Key

Full Info Available The manager has provided either a PLSA Voting Template or voting data that precisely matches the specific investment's holding / reporting period

Part Info Available The manager has provided either a PLSA Voting Template or voting data that partially matches the specific investment's holding / reporting period

The manager has explicitly stated that there is no voting or engagement information to report due to the nature No Info to Report

of the underlying investments

No Info Provided At the time of preparing this report, the manager has either not formally responded to the information request or has not provided information when we believe there should be information to report

Minerva Says:

Voting Activity

There was voting information disclosed for the following Scheme investments:

LGIM Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund

Significant Votes

There were no 'Significant Votes' disclosed for any of the Scheme's investments.

Engagement Activity

There was engagement information disclosed for the following Scheme investments:

- LGIM Active Corporate Bond Over 10 Year Fund
- LGIM All Stocks Gilts Index Fund

3 Voting and Engagement

The Trustee is required to disclose the voting and engagement activity over the Scheme year. The Trustee have used Minerva Analytics ('Minerva') to obtain voting and investment engagement information (VEI) on the Scheme's behalf.

This statement provides a summary of the key information and summarizes Minerva's findings on behalf of the Scheme over the Scheme's reporting year.

The voting and engagement activity undertaken by the Scheme's managers, as reported by them and set out in this document, has been in the scheme members' best interests insomuch that it demonstrates that the Scheme's managers have undertaken stewardship activity they deem to be appropriate and proportionate in the oversight and management of the Scheme's investments.

3.1 Stewardship

The Trustee's policy on Stewardship from the Scheme's SIP is set out below:

The Trustee's policy on the exercise of rights attaching to investments, including voting rights, is that these rights should be exercised by the investment manager on the Trustee's behalf, having regard to the best financial interests of the beneficiaries.

The investment manager should engage with companies to take account of ESG factors in the exercise of such rights as the Trustee believes this will be beneficial to the financial interests of members over the long term. The Trustee will review the investment manager's voting policies, with the help of its investment consultant and decide if they are appropriate.

The Trustee also expects the fund manager to engage with investee companies on the capital structure and management of conflicts of interest.

If the policies or level of engagement are not appropriate, the Trustee will engage with the investment manager, with the help of its investment consultant, to influence the investment manager's policy. If this fails, the Trustee will review the investments made with the investment manager.

The Trustee has taken into consideration the Financial Reporting Council's UK Stewardship Code and expects the investment manager to adhere to this where appropriate for the investments they manage.

The following table sets out:

- The funds and products in which the Scheme was invested during the Scheme's reporting period;
- The holding period for each fund or product; and
- Whether each investment manager made use of a 'proxy voter', as defined by the Regulations

Table 3.1: Scheme Investment/Product Information

Fund Manager	Investment Fund/Product	Investment Made Via	Fund / Product Type	Period Start Date	Period End Date	'Proxy Voter' Used?
	Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund	Mobius Platform	DB Fund	01/01/23	31/12/23	N/A
LGIM	All Stocks Gilts Index Fund	Mobius Platform	DB Fund	01/01/23	31/12/23	N/A
	All Stocks Index-Linked Gilts Index Fund	Mobius Platform	DB Fund	01/01/23	31/12/23	N/A

As shown in the table above:

• The investments shown as 'N/A' had no listed equity voting activity associated with them, and so had no need for a proxy voter.

4 Exercise of Voting Rights

The following tables show a comparison of each of the Scheme's relevant manager(s) voting activity versus the Trustee's policy (which in this instance is the manager's own policy).

Table 4.1: LGIM's Approach to Voting

Asset manager	LGIM
Relevant Scheme Investment(s)	Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund
Key Points of Manager's Voting Policy	LGIM have confirmed to us that they do not have a formal bond voting policy as such. Typically, bonds do not have the same kind of voting rights associated with them as listed equities. Any votes cast tend to be in relation to corporate actions that require a case-by-case approach to determine the votes to cast.
	Yes
Is Voting Activity in Line with the Scheme's Policy?	By voting in the specific manner that they have in relation to corporate actions on investments, we believe that the manager is doing so in the best financial interests of the Scheme beneficiaries.

Minerva Says

- LGIM have confirmed that they do not have a formal bond voting policy.
- From the information available, we believe that the voting approach is consistent with the Scheme's voting approach expectations of its investment manager.

5 Manager Voting Policy

As the current approach of the Scheme is to use the voting policy of the external asset managers, it is important that these policies are independently reviewed to ensure that they match current good practice and the general stewardship expectations set by the Scheme. Well-managed companies that operate in a commercially, socially and environmentally responsible manner are expected to perform better over the longer term, as the Scheme believe that adopting such an approach will allow each company's management to identify, address and monitor the widest range of risks associated with their specific business.

Set out in the following table is Minerva's independent assessment of the Scheme's managers' publicly available voting policies, in the context of current good practice as represented by the ICGN Voting Guidelines, whilst also bearing the Scheme's stewardship expectations in mind. This has been done for each manager where they have identified voting activity on behalf of the Scheme.

We have assessed each manager's policy individually, looking at it from Minerva's perspective of seven 'Voting Policy Pillars' that are at the core of our proxy voting research process, and which we have developed over the last 25 years. In using this well-tried approach, the Scheme can be sure that their investment managers voting policies are being carefully considered against current good practice.

Table 5.1: Voting Policy Alignment

Manager Voting Policy Alignment with Current Good Practice

Investment Manager	Audit & Reporting	Board	Capital	Corporate Actions Remuneration		Shareholder Rights	Sustainability				
LGIM	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Comments	LGIM have confirmed to us that they do not have a formal bond voting policy as such. Typically, bonds do not have the same kind of voting rights associated with them as listed equities. Any votes cast tend to be in relation to corporate actions that require a case-by-case approach to determine the votes to cast.										

Table Key

Aligned	This aspect of the manager's voting policy is aligned with good practice
Limited Disclosures	This policy pillar could only be partially assessed on the information available in the manager's voting policy
No Disclosures	This policy pillar could not be assessed due to a lack of information in the manager's voting policy
Not Available	The manager's voting policy was not disclosed for analysis by Minerva

For the Scheme's managers that responded to our information requests by providing voting information:

■ LGIM have confirmed that they do not have a formal proxy voting policy for bond investments.

6 Manager Voting Behaviour

The Trustee believes that responsible oversight of investee companies is a fundamental duty of good stewardship. As such, it expects the Scheme's managers to vote at the majority of investee company meetings every year, and to provide sufficient information as to allow for the independent assessment of their voting activity.

The table below sets out the voting behaviour as disclosed by the each of the Scheme's managers:

Table 6.1: Manager Voting Behaviour

		No. of Meetings			No. of Resolutions	5				
Manager	er Fund Eligible for Voting Voting		Eligible for Voting	% Eligible Voted	% Voted in Favour					
	Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund	2	2	100.0%	100.0%	-	-			
	Comments									
LGIM	The manager provided a summarised voting record for the Fund shown above, that covered the Scheme's specific investment holding period. There were only two votes cast, most likely in relation to corporate actions on investments held in the Fund.									
	From the summarised information provided, we can see that the manager voted at all investee company meetings for the Fund, which is in line with the Trustee's expectations of its manager.									

Minerva Says

For the Scheme's manager that responded to our information requests by providing voting information, we believe that they have followed the Scheme's requirements in relation to voting activity, as stated in the Scheme's SIP:

The Trustee's policy on the exercise of rights attaching to investments, including voting rights, is that these rights should be exercised by the investment manager on the Trustee's behalf, having regard to the best financial interests of the beneficiaries.

7 Significant Votes

Set out in the following section are 5 examples of the Scheme's manager(s) voting behaviour from the relevant fund(s) in which the Scheme was invested. A 'Significant Vote' relates to any resolution at a company that meets one of the following criteria:

- 1. Identified by the manager themselves as being of significance;
- 2. Contradicts local market best practice (e.g., the UK Corporate Governance Code in the UK);
- 3. Is one proposed by shareholders that attracts at least 20% support from investors;
- 4. Attracts over 10% dissenting votes from shareholders.

Where the manager has not provided sufficient data to identify 'Significant Votes' based on criteria 2-4 above, we have used manager-identified examples:

Table 7.1 LGIM's 'Significant Votes'

Manager	Fund	Company Name	Date of Vote	Approx Size of Holding (as % of Fund)	Summary of Resolution	Voting Action	Outcome of Vote		
LGIM	Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund		No 'Significant Votes' were identified by the Manager						
Why a 'Signi	ficant Vote?	,							
-									
Manager's V	ote Rationale:								
-									
Were Votes	Against Company Managem	ent Commun	icated to the	Company Ahead of	the Meeting?				
-									
Next Steps /	Implications of the Outcome	e:							
-	-								
Relevance to	Relevance to Manager's Stated Policy:								
	No 'Significant Votes' were identified by the Manager								

• Since there were no 'Significant Votes' reported by the manager, and there is no formal bond voting policy in place, there is no analysis to undertake.

8 Manager Engagement Information

The Trustee has set the following expectation in the Scheme's SIP in relation to its managers' engagement activity:

The investment manager should engage with companies to take account of ESG factors in the exercise of such rights as the Trustee believes this will be beneficial to the financial interests of members over the long term. The Trustee will review the investment manager's voting policies, with the help of its investment consultant and decide if they are appropriate.

The Trustee also expects the fund manager to engage with investee companies on the capital structure and management of conflicts of interest.

The Trustee believes that an important part of responsible oversight is for the Scheme's investment managers to engage with the senior management of investee companies on any perceived risks or shortcomings – both financial and non-financial – relating to the operation of the business, with a specific focus on ESG factors. As such, they expect the Scheme's managers to engage with investee companies where they have identified any such issues.

The following table(s) summarises the engagement activity of the manager(s):

Table 8.1: Summary of Engagement Information Provided

Manager	Engagement Information Obtained	Level of Available information	Info Covers Scheme's Reporting Period?	Comments
LGIM	YES	FUND	YES	The manager provided basic engagement information for two of the Scheme's investments that covered the Scheme's investment holding period

Table Key

GREEN = A 'positive' result. The manager has provided engagement information / fund level info available / matches the Scheme's reporting / investment holding period

ORANGE = A 'partial' result. We had to try to source engagement information / firm level info available / does not match the Scheme's reporting / investment holding period

RED = A 'negative' result. No engagement information was located at any level

BLUE = No result. The manager confirmed that there was no engagement information to report.

LGIM Breakdown of Engagement Topics Covered							Outcomes		
Fund(s)	Period Start	Period End	No. of Engagements	Environmental	Social	Governance	Other	Resolved	Open
Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund	01/01/23	31/12/23	119	27.7%	5.0%	38.7%	28.6%	Not Stated	Not Stated
All Stocks Gilts Index Fund	01/01/23	31/12/23	43	55.8%	0.0%	44.2%	0.0%	Not Stated	Not Stated
All Stocks Index-Linked Gilts Index Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Aspect of Engagement Activity	Details
	LGIM's Investment Stewardship team focuses on client outcomes and broader societal and environmental impacts in its engagements with companies, taking the following six step approach:
	1) Identify the most material ESG issues
	2) Formulate a strategy
	3) Enhance the power of engagement (e.g., through public statements)
	4) Collaborate with other stakeholders and policymakers
Kay Dainta af tha	5) Vote
Key Points of the Manager's	6) Report to shareholders
Engagement Policy	From LGIM's most recent Active Ownership Report the manager has identified the following as their top 5 engagement topics:
	1. Climate Change
	2. Remuneration
	3. Diversity (Gender and Ethnicity)
	4. Board Composition
	5. Strategy
Additional	
information on	Whilst the manager provided a list of engagements undertaken on investments in the fund during the Scheme's holding period, no additional information

provided by the Manager	 engagement objectives collaborative engagements process for escalating ineffective engagement and whether any fintech solution was used to facilitate engagement
Comparison of the Manager's Engagement Activity vs the Trustee's Expectations	An example of a reported engagement activity undertaken in the Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund is as follows: 30/05/23 - Tesco plc - Engagement primarily on an 'Environmental' matter Engagement Topic: Governance / Remuneration. Engagement Rationale: Not stated. Details: None provided.
Is Engagement Activity in Line with the Trustee's Expectations?	Whilst we believe that the manager's engagement approach is consistent with the Scheme's approach, we believe that the manager should be able to provide more detail in relation to engagements undertaken

As can be seen from the previous table, the Scheme's manager's 'Engagement Activity' generally appears to comply with their own engagement approach, and so also complies with the Scheme's expectations.

9 Conclusions

9.1 Assessment of Compliance

In this report, Minerva has undertaken an independent review of the Scheme's external asset managers' voting and engagement activity. The main objective of the review is for Minerva to be in a position to say that the activities undertaken on the Scheme's behalf by its agents are aligned with its own policies.

Set out in the following table is Minerva's assessment of each manager's compliance with the Scheme's approach:

Table 9.1: Summary Assessment of Compliance

		Does the Manager's Reported Activity Follow the Scheme's Expectations?					
Fund / Product Manager	Investment Fund/ Product	Voting Activity	Significant Votes Identified	Engagement Activity	Use of a 'Proxy Voter?'	UK Stewardship Code 2020 Signatory?	Overall Assessment
	Active Corporate Bond - Over 10 Year - Fund	YES	N.I.R.	YES	N/A		COMPLIANT
LGIM*	All Stocks Gilts Index Fund	N.I.R.	N.I.R.	YES	N/A	YES	COMPLIANT
	All Stocks Index-Linked Gilts Index Fund	N.I.R.	N.I.R.	N.I.R.	N/A		N.I.R.

^{*} LGIM have requested that a Disclaimer be shared, which should be read in relation to any stewardship information provided by them. It can be found at the end of this report.

Table Key

GREEN=Positive outcome e.g., Manager's reported activity follows the Scheme's expectations

ORANGE=An issue exists e.g., the information provided does not match the Scheme's reporting / investment holding period

BLUE=Manager has confirmed that there is no voting, 'Significant Votes' or engagement information to report (N.I.R.)

RED=Negative outcome e.g., no information provided (N.I.P.); Manager is not a signatory to the UK Stewardship Code 2020

GREY=Not Applicable e.g., there has been no 'Proxy Voter' used due to the nature of the investments held

Overall Assessment:

We believe that the Scheme's manager has broadly complied with the Scheme's Voting and Engagement requirements of them.

Notes

- 1) The preceding table shows that Minerva has been able to determine that:
- LGIM's overall approach to Voting is broadly in step with the Scheme's requirements.
- LGIM's overall approach to Engagement is broadly in step with the Scheme's requirements.
- 2) LGIM are signatories to the UK Stewardship Code.
- 3) We remain disappointed with the level of engagement information disclosed by the Scheme's manager, in terms of not providing appropriate levels of detail.

LGIM Information Disclaimer

- i. Carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e) is a standard unit to compare the emissions of different greenhouse gases.
- ii. The choice of this metric follows best practice recommendations from the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures.
- iii. Data on carbon emissions from a company's operations and purchased energy is used.
- iv. This measure is the result of differences in weights of companies between the index and the benchmark, and does not depend on the amount invested in the fund. It describes the relative 'carbon efficiency' of different companies in the index (i.e. how much carbon was emitted per unit of sales), not the contribution of an individual investor in financing carbon emissions.
- v. LGIM set the following threshold for our reportable funds 1) the assets eligible for coverage e.g. eligible ratio needs to be greater than or equal to 50% and 2) the carbon coverage of the eligible assets e.g. eligible coverage needs to be greater than or equal to 60%.
- vi. Eligibility % represents the % of the securities in the benchmark which are eligible for reporting including equity, bonds, ETFs and sovereigns (real assets, private debt and derivatives are currently not included for carbon reporting). The Coverage % represents the coverage of those assets with carbon scores.
- vii. Derivatives including repos are not presently included and the methodology is subject to change. Leveraged positions are not currently supported. In the instance a leveraged position distorts the coverage ratio over 100% then the coverage ratio will not be shown.
- viii. LGIM define 'Sovereigns' as, Agency, Government, Municipals, Strips and Treasury Bills and is calculated by using: the CO2e/GDP, Carbon Emissions Footprint uses: CO2e/Total Capital Stock.
- ix. The carbon reserves intensity of a company captures the relationship between the carbon reserves the company owns and its market capitalisation. The carbon reserves intensity of the overall benchmark reflects the relative weights of the different companies in the benchmark.
- x. Green revenues % represents the proportion of revenues derived from low-carbon products and services associated with the benchmark, from the companies in the benchmark that have disclosed this as a separate data point.
- xi. Engagement figures do not include data on engagement activities with national or local governments, government related issuers, or similar international bodies with the power to issue debt securities.
- xii. LGIM's temperature alignment methodology computes the contribution of a company's activities towards climate change. It delivers an specific temperature value that signifies which climate scenario (e.g.3°C, 1.5°C etc.) the company's activities are currently aligned with. The implied temperature alignment is computed as a weighted aggregate of the company-level warming potential.

Third Party ESG Data Providers: Source: ISS. Source: HSBC© HSBC 2022. Source: IMF (International Monetary Fund). Source: Refinitiv, Information is for recipients' internal use only.

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